

## VII. International Conference on Mathematics and its Applications in Science and Engineering

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Title: Computing singular values of tensor sum via tensors

**Abstract:** The tensor sum  $T \in \mathbb{R}^{\ell mn \times \ell m}$  is a matrix defined in the following:  $T \coloneqq I_n \otimes I_m \otimes A + I_n \otimes B \otimes I_\ell + C \otimes I_m \otimes I_\ell \;,$ 

where  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{\ell \times \ell}$ ,  $B \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times m}$ , and  $C \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ . This structure arises in the discretization of three-dimensional partial differential equations with constant coefficients using finite difference methods. When  $\ell=m=n$ , the resulting matrix T becomes an  $n^3\times n^3$  matrix. Computing its singular values by a direct method is computationally expensive in terms of memory. In this talk, we present an iterative algorithm via tensors, which are multidimensional arrays, to efficiently compute the singular values of T while reducing memory usage.













